3/19/84 S6430-2 A

OKLAHOMA LABOR MARKET

FEBRUARY 1984
(Jan Data)

OKLAHOMA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
OKLAHOMA STATE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
WILL ROGERS MEMORIAL OFFICE BUILDING
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73105

HIGHLIGHTS

OKLAHOMA'S JOBLESS RATE RISES STEEPLY IN JANUARY TO 8.5 PERCENT FROM DECEMBER'S 7.1 RATE.

THE NUMBER UNEMPLOYED INCREASED TO 129,800, UP FROM 107,000 IN DECEMBER.

JANUARY'S TOTAL EMPLOYMENT DROPPED FROM MONTH AGO, BUT WAS 38,200 GREATER THAN LAST YEAR.

TOTAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT FELL BY 13,900 BETWEEN DECEMBER AND JANUARY.

OKLAHOMA LABOR FORCE*
SUMMARY TABLE

ITEM	NUMBER (In Thousands)			PERCENT CHANGE	ABSOLUTE CHANGE	
	Jan 1984p	Dec 1983r	Jan 1983r	Dec 1983 Jan 1984	Dec 1983 to Jan 1984	Jan 1983 to Jan 1984
Total Labor Force	**1,530.4**	**1,511.9**	**1,498.5**	**1.2**	**18.5**	**32.4**
Unemployment	129.8	107.0	135.6	21.3	22.8	-5.8
Unemployment Rate (Unadjusted)	*8.5*	*7.1*	*9.1*	*xxx*	*xxx*	*xxx*
Unemployment Rate (Seas. Adj.)	*7.7*	*8.7*	*8.2*	*xxx*	*xxx*	*xxx*
Total Employment	1,400.6	1,404.9	1,362.4	-.3	-4.3	38.2
Agriculture	43.1	42.7	43.5	.9	.4	-.4
Domestic Service, Self-Employed & Unpaid Family Workers	182.9	186.8	178.4	-2.1	-3.9	4.5
Idled by Labor Disputes	2.5	2.5	.2	0	0	2.3

* *Data relates to the place-of-residence. Workers involved in labor-management disputes are included in employment total. Only unemployment and total employment data are adjusted according to Current Population Survey (CPS) procedures.* p-*Preliminary;* r-*Revised.*

This periodical is issued and printed by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission as authorized under the Oklahoma Employment Security Act. Two thousand seven hundred copies are printed at a total cost of $843.97, to be paid out of Federal funds granted by the U.S. Department of Labor. Copies are distributed to subscribers and other interested parties.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT SITUATION

Total employment in Oklahoma, as measured by place of residence, fell to 1,400,600 in January, off 4,300 from December's estimate. This monthly decrease primarily reflected seasonal change. In contrast to this short-term decline, employment increased 38,200 since January 1983. Unemployment jumped sharply higher, rising 22,800 compared to December. Unusually severe weather in January, plus usual seasonal factors, contributed to this steep rise in the ranks of the unemployed. The jobless rate reached 8.5 percent from 7.1 in December, but was down from the 9.1 percent of the labor force that was idled a year ago.

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
in Oklahoma
JANUARY 1984

ITEM	NUMBER (In Thousands)			PERCENT CHANGE	ABSOLUTE CHANGE	
	Jan 1984p	Dec 1983r	Jan 1983r	Dec 1983 Jan 1984	Dec 1983 to Jan 1984	Jan 1983 to Jan 1984
Total Wage & Salary**	**1,167.1**	**1,181.0**	**1,167.6**	**-1.2**	**-13.9**	**-.5**
Manufacturing	**168.7**	**169.1**	**164.9**	**-.2**	**-.4**	**3.8**
Durable Goods	**106.7**	**106.8**	**103.5**	**-.1**	**-.1**	**3.2**
Lumber & Wood Products	2.7	2.6	2.8	3.8	.1	-.1
Stone, Clay & Glass	10.3	10.9	10.7	-5.5	-.6	-.4
Primary Metal Industries	4.2	4.2	3.9	0	0	.3
Fabricated Metal Products	16.6	16.8	18.6	-1.2	-.2	-2.0
Fab. Structural Metal Products	9.7	9.8	11.2	-1.0	-.1	-1.5
Machinery, except Electrical	32.0	31.7	32.5	.9	.3	-.5
Oil Field Machinery	9.2	9.2	10.0	0	0	-.8
General Industrial Machinery	6.0	5.9	6.4	1.7	.1	-.4
Electric & Electronic Equipment	15.2	15.0	12.3	1.3	.2	2.9
Transportation Equipment	20.4	20.2	16.8	1.0	.2	3.6
Aircraft & Parts	8.3	8.1	8.3	2.5	.2	0
Instruments & Related Products	2.0	2.0	2.3	0	0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	**62.0**	**62.3**	**61.4**	**-.5**	**-.3**	**.6**
Food & Kindred Products	14.8	14.7	14.8	.7	.1	0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	9.3	9.3	8.9	0	0	.4
Paper & Allied Products	3.0	3.0	3.0	0	0	0
Printing & Publishing	11.0	11.1	11.1	-.9	-.1	-.1
Newspapers & Periodicals	5.9	6.0	6.1	-1.7	-.1	-.2
Petroleum & Coal Products	8.1	8.5	8.1	-4.7	-.4	0
Petroleum Refining	7.5	7.9	7.4	-5.1	-.4	.1
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	11.0	11.0	10.4	0	0	.6
Tires & Inner Tubes	7.2	7.2	6.7	0	0	.5
Mining	**76.0**	**74.7**	**85.3**	**1.7**	**1.3**	**-9.3**
Oil & Gas Extraction	73.3	71.9	82.3	1.9	1.4	-9.0
Contract Construction	**45.0**	**48.8**	**49.2**	**-7.8**	**-3.8**	**-4.2**
Transportation & Public Utilities	**67.1**	**66.8**	**67.7**	**.4**	**.3**	**-.6**
Transportation	34.2	33.9	34.2	.9	.3	0
Railroad Transportation	2.4	2.3	2.3	4.3	.1	.1
Trucking & Warehousing	17.9	17.9	17.7	0	0	.2
Communications & Public Utilities	32.9	32.9	33.5	0	0	-.6
Trade	**284.0**	**293.1**	**281.2**	**-3.1**	**-9.1**	**2.8**
Wholesale	**73.1**	**73.4**	**71.7**	**-.4**	**-.3**	**1.4**
Retail	**210.9**	**219.7**	**209.5**	**-4.0**	**-8.8**	**1.4**
General Merchandise Stores	28.9	32.3	29.2	-10.5	-3.4	-.3
Food Stores	37.5	37.7	37.4	-.5	-.2	.1
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	25.6	25.4	25.3	.8	.2	.3
Apparel & Accessory Stores	15.4	16.6	14.9	-7.2	-1.2	.5
Finance-Insurance-Real Estate	**61.5**	**62.5**	**61.5**	**-1.6**	**-1.0**	**0**
Banking	20.7	21.8	22.3	-5.0	-1.1	-1.6
Insurance Carriers	9.3	9.3	9.4	0	0	-.1
Services	**216.7**	**217.2**	**210.5**	**-.2**	**-.5**	**6.2**
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	10.1	10.4	10.0	-2.9	-.3	.1
Personal Services	11.0	10.9	11.4	.9	.1	-.4
Health Services	69.2	69.3	69.2	-.1	-.1	0
Government	**248.1**	**248.8**	**247.3**	**-.3**	**-.7**	**.8**
Federal	49.3	48.9	48.9	.8	.4	.4
State & Local	198.8	199.9	198.4	-.6	-1.1	.4

p-Preliminary; r-Revised.

* *These data were prepared in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics and represent employment on a place-of-work basis. Industries are classified according to the* **Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972.**

** *These estimates are adjusted to first quarter 1983 benchmark levels, and include all full and part-time employees of nonagricultural establishments who received pay for the period which includes the 12th of the month. Workers involved in labor-management disputes are excluded.*

WAGE AND SALARY JOB TOTAL FALLS

Nonfarm wage and salary in Oklahoma employment fell to 1,167,100 during January, down 13,900 as large seasonal losses were especially noticeable in several major job categories. Wholesale-retail trade employment led the downturn with 9,100 fewer workers than December as those hired temporarily for the holiday season were released. Construction payrolls were cut back by 3,800 as extreme winter weather severely restricted building activities. Finance-insurance-real estate lost 1,000 and services dropped 500 workers. Government counted 700 fewer overall, as a 1,100 job loss in state and local units outweighed a 400 rise at the federal level. Employment in manufacturing also declined, netting 400 fewer workers. In contrast to the aforementioned losses, mining rose 1,300—a rather surprising contra-seasonal gain in view of the slump in that industry. Finally, transportation-public utilities added 300 workers over this December - January period.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in January showed only a negligible change compared to this period a year ago. Job losses in mining and construction were almost entirely responsible for the annual loss, although transportation-public utilities slipped some 600 under its year-earlier total. Mining jobs were slashed 9,300 over the past 12 months, but recent indications show some leveling off in this industry. Construction payrolls were 4,200 below their year-ago level, partly attributable to extremely severe weather this January compared to the year-ago period.

Losses in these three major industries were offset by gains in four other industry divisions. Specifically, services led with 6,200 additions, continuing the long-term growth pattern in this industry. Manufacturing, rebounded from earlier job reductions during the past year, adding 3,800 more, with over 80 percent of these centered in the durable goods sector. Trade employment rose 2,800 since January 1983, with equal gains in wholesale and retail sectors. Government also netted 800 additions—a minor fluctuation in terms of its overall job total. Lastly, finance-insurance-real estate remained unchanged from the number employed a year ago.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average hourly earnings of Oklahoma's manufacturing production workers dropped by 16 cents an hour to $9.42 from December 1983 to January 1984. Hours worked remained unchanged at 41.3, thus weekly earnings declined to $389.05, off $6.60 from the comparable week in December. Further comparisons of hours and earnings within manufacturing showed that those employed in durable goods plants averaged 14 cents less and worked a slightly shorter workweek, which resulted in a $6.81 drop in weekly wages. During this same period, soft good workers earned 17 cents less hourly but worked the same number of hours. This caused their weekly paychecks to fall $6.90 below the December average.

Among the nonfactory industries presented on the Hours and Earnings Table in this publication, three had greater earnings and two received smaller paychecks between December and January. Rather surprisingly, oil and gas extraction workers recorded the largest increase in weekly pay, $30.96, as their hourly wage rates rose and weekly hours worked were longer. Construction workers, on the other hand, sustained a sizeable reduction in their weekly paychecks primarily due to the unusually severe weather. Weekly earnings for these workers was $32.70 below their December average. Public utilities employees averaged more pay in January on the strength of higher hourly earnings. This was also the case for wholesale trade workers, while those employed in retail (excluding eating and drinking establishments) experienced a loss in weekly pay because of a sharp drop in the length of their workweek.

Hours and earnings comparisons between this January and the corresponding period in 1983 disclosed an 8.0 percent increase in average weekly paychecks of all manufacturing workers. Among nonmanufacturing industries, public utilities workers' earnings rose 11.2 percent, construction paychecks increased 9.3, wholesale employees pay climbed 8.6 and oil and gas workers gained 5.0 percent. Only retail trade personnel received smaller average paychecks over this 12 month period.

INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT

Insured joblessness totaled 26,564 for the week ending January 21, 1984 compared to 22,202 for the comparable week during December. This rise in the number of persons drawing insured benefits reflected seasonal change and was especially exacerbated by severe winter weather conditions. Despite the monthly increase, the current level of insured unemployed persons shows a drop from the 44,368 total recorded for the week ending January 22, 1983 or one year ago. This large decrease reflects the economic improvement in the state over the past year.

Characteristics of the insured unemployed in Oklahoma are tabulated by industry, occupation and age categories with further breakouts showing sex, race and duration of unemployment. This material is presented in the Characteristics of Insured Unemployed Table published quarterly in the January, April, July and October issues of this publication.

SUMMARY OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT SITUATION

Unemployment rates rose in all but two Oklahoma counties from December to January, but 45 showed lower jobless rates this January than the same 1983 month. Statewide, unemployment averaged 8.5 percent in January, an increase over December's 7.1 percent, but down from the 9.1 percent rate estimated a year ago. The national jobless rate for January was 8.8 percent, compared to 8.0 in December and 11.4 percent in January 1983. Unemployment rates are listed for all state counties and metropolitan statistical areas on the Labor Force Data Table in this publication.

LABOR FORCE DATA

Total Employment and Unemployment

JANUARY 1984

Area	Employment	Unemployment	Labor Force	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		
				Current Month	Month Ago	Year Ago
UNITED STATES	101,270,000	9,755,000	111,025,000	8.8	8.0	11.4
OKLAHOMA	1,400,600	129,800	1,530,400	8.5	7.1	9.1
Oklahoma City MSA*	447,400	29,900	477,300	6.3	5.3	6.8
Tulsa MSA**	335,700	34,700	370,400	9.4	7.8	9.6
Lawton MSA***	36,400	2,500	38,900	6.4	5.9	6.4
Enid MSA****	29,200	2,225	31,425	7.1	5.3	7.9
Adair	6,350	830	7,180	11.6	9.0	13.9
Alfalfa	3,240	130	3,370	3.9	3.8	4.3
Atoka	3,870	670	4,540	14.8	10.8	15.3
Beaver	3,170	100	3,270	3.1	2.7	3.4
Beckham	9,970	1,420	11,390	12.5	11.0	12.4
Blaine	5,670	460	6,130	7.5	6.9	8.7
Bryan	13,130	1,580	14,710	10.7	8.1	11.0
Caddo	12,280	1,110	13,390	8.3	8.2	11.9
Canadian	30,275	1,600	31,875	5.0	4.7	6.1
Carter	20,175	1,975	22,150	8.9	7.8	9.3
Cherokee	12,780	1,500	14,280	10.5	8.9	10.3
Choctaw	5,290	1,080	6,370	17.0	13.3	18.2
Cimarron	1,490	80	1,570	5.1	4.4	3.0
Cleveland	71,425	4,325	75,750	5.7	4.6	5.6
Coal	1,880	490	2,370	20.7	15.6	17.9
Comanche	36,400	2,500	38,900	6.4	5.9	6.4
Cotton	2,400	190	2,590	7.3	4.7	5.8
Craig	7,040	640	7,680	8.3	6.8	9.1
Creek	28,750	3,350	32,100	10.4	9.2	10.7
Custer	14,460	1,210	15,670	7.7	6.3	7.7
Delaware	9,500	1,180	10,680	11.0	8.7	14.7
Dewey	3,060	280	3,340	8.4	7.3	8.2
Ellis	2,350	240	2,590	9.3	8.3	8.6
Garfield	29,200	2,225	31,425	7.1	5.3	7.9
Garvin	11,510	1,110	12,620	8.8	7.7	9.5
Grady	17,810	1,780	19,590	9.1	7.9	11.5
Grant	2,730	160	2,890	5.5	4.4	5.4
Greer	2,860	240	3,100	7.7	6.9	7.7
Harmon	1,730	140	1,870	7.5	5.1	6.6
Harper	1,660	150	1,810	8.3	7.0	7.8
Haskell	4,790	810	5,600	14.5	11.1	16.8
Hughes	5,020	1,050	6,070	17.3	14.5	19.6
Jackson	10,070	860	10,930	7.9	6.8	7.2
Jefferson	3,290	370	3,660	10.1	8.8	11.5
Johnston	3,740	390	4,130	9.4	7.8	11.4
Kay	24,175	2,275	26,450	8.6	7.1	8.6
Kingfisher	7,970	490	8,460	5.8	4.9	5.3
Kiowa	5,520	430	5,950	7.2	6.2	9.2

LABOR FORCE DATA

Total Employment and Unemployment

JANUARY 1984

Area	Employment	Unemployment	Labor Force	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		
				Current Month	Month Ago	Year Ago
Latimer	2,970	590	3,560	16.6	14.3	18.3
LeFlore	16,070	1,830	17,900	10.2	8.7	13.2
Lincoln	9,510	1,210	10,720	11.3	10.0	12.4
Logan	9,770	1,090	10,860	10.0	8.5	9.9
Love	2,320	320	2,640	12.1	9.0	11.9
McClain	10,875	650	11,525	5.6	4.7	6.8
McCurtain	12,750	1,370	14,120	9.7	10.4	14.0
McIntosh	5,630	1,220	6,850	17.8	10.7	13.3
Major	3,610	280	3,890	7.2	5.5	6.8
Marshall	3,940	400	4,340	9.2	7.1	8.5
Mayes	15,700	2,425	18,125	13.4	9.7	13.3
Murray	5,080	640	5,720	11.2	9.2	11.3
Muskogee	27,075	4,150	31,225	13.3	10.7	12.1
Noble	4,870	370	5,240	7.1	5.6	7.5
Nowata	4,420	660	5,080	13.0	10.9	16.6
Okfuskee	3,760	350	4,110	8.5	10.6	12.6
Oklahoma	305,175	20,900	326,075	6.4	5.4	7.0
Okmulgee	12,625	2,325	14,950	15.6	11.9	14.4
Osage	19,150	1,350	20,500	6.6	5.5	7.0
Ottawa	12,850	1,550	14,400	10.8	9.0	13.7
Pawnee	6,000	850	6,850	12.4	9.9	14.2
Payne	31,450	1,875	33,325	5.6	4.6	6.0
Pittsburg	11,650	2,200	13,850	15.9	14.1	15.4
Pontotoc	14,820	1,370	16,190	8.5	6.8	8.3
Pottawatomie	29,625	2,425	32,050	7.6	6.3	7.4
Pushmataha	2,590	620	3,210	19.3	16.2	19.4
Roger Mills	2,790	260	3,050	8.5	6.7	8.3
Rogers	22,625	3,100	25,725	12.1	9.9	10.9
Seminole	10,880	1,260	12,140	10.4	9.7	12.3
Sequoyah	12,140	1,450	13,590	10.7	8.5	14.0
Stephens	19,090	1,940	21,030	9.2	8.1	9.8
Texas	7,700	370	8,070	4.6	3.6	4.6
Tillman	4,100	490	4,590	10.7	9.1	8.9
Tulsa	229,175	22,800	251,975	9.0	7.7	9.6
Wagoner	20,350	1,700	22,050	7.7	6.1	8.0
Washington	24,200	1,570	25,770	6.1	4.6	6.9
Washita	7,310	860	8,170	10.5	7.8	13.3
Woods	5,510	230	5,740	4.0	3.0	4.5
Woodward	13,330	1,320	14,650	9.0	7.2	9.5

Note: Data shown in this table are preliminary figures.
Components may not add to totals due to rounding.

* *Oklahoma City MSA includes Oklahoma, Canadian, Cleveland, McClain and Pottawatomie Counties.*

** *Tulsa MSA includes Tulsa, Creek, Mayes, Osage, Rogers and Wagoner Counties.*

*** *Lawton MSA includes Comanche County only.*

**** *Enid MSA includes Garfield County only.*

HOURS AND EARNINGS
IN SELECTED OKLAHOMA INDUSTRIES
1983 - 1984

YEAR AND MONTH	MANUFACTURING								
	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours	Average Hourly Earnings
	MANUFACTURING			DURABLE GOODS			STONE, CLAY & GLASS		
1983									
January	$360.10	40.1	$8.98	$364.40	40.0	$9.11	$403.85	42.2	$9.57
February	357.30	39.7	9.00	364.05	39.7	9.17	374.75	39.2	9.56
March	357.30	39.7	9.00	365.36	39.8	9.18	403.24	41.4	9.74
April	361.89	39.9	9.07	366.00	40.0	9.15	420.42	42.9	9.80
May	363.20	40.0	9.08	373.06	40.2	9.28	399.49	41.1	9.72
June	371.90	40.6	9.16	385.69	40.9	9.43	442.38	43.8	10.10
July	377.51	40.9	9.23	384.62	40.7	9.45	443.67	44.5	9.97
August	366.80	40.0	9.17	370.12	39.5	9.37	431.15	42.9	10.05
September	379.66	41.0	9.26	394.54	41.4	9.53	432.86	43.2	10.02
October	384.92	41.3	9.32	391.68	41.1	9.53	412.72	42.2	9.78
November	401.70	41.8	9.61	421.46	42.4	9.94	409.78	41.9	9.78
December r	395.65	41.3	9.58	409.08	41.7	9.81	427.12	43.1	9.91
1984									
January p	389.05	41.3	9.42	402.27	41.6	9.67	398.20	39.9	9.98
1983	PRIMARY METALS			FABRICATED METALS			FABRICATED STRUCTURAL METALS		
January	$361.30	40.1	$9.01	$351.26	38.6	$9.10	$360.76	39.6	$9.11
February	364.11	40.1	9.08	359.33	39.4	9.12	378.84	41.0	9.24
March	366.00	40.0	9.15	344.82	38.7	8.91	355.11	39.5	8.99
April	375.83	41.3	9.10	340.22	38.4	8.86	346.10	38.8	8.92
May	386.91	42.8	9.04	360.40	40.0	9.01	360.50	40.1	8.99
June	389.15	43.0	9.05	356.31	39.9	8.93	379.45	41.2	9.21
July	388.67	42.9	9.06	365.72	41.0	8.92	384.38	41.6	9.24
August	396.16	42.1	9.41	364.34	40.8	8.93	378.22	41.2	9.18
September	408.24	43.2	9.45	375.42	41.3	9.09	393.90	42.4	9.29
October	411.15	43.6	9.43	372.60	40.9	9.11	390.51	41.9	9.32
November	404.71	43.1	9.39	398.16	42.0	9.48	436.43	44.9	9.72
December r	419.52	44.3	9.47	384.05	40.9	9.39	399.83	42.4	9.43
1984									
January p	419.39	44.1	9.51	356.96	39.4	9.06	379.13	41.3	9.18
1983	MACHINERY EXCEPT ELECTRICAL			OIL FIELD MACHINERY			ELECTRIC & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
January	$327.89	39.6	$8.28	$357.80	39.8	$8.99	$393.76	42.8	$9.20
February	329.83	39.5	8.35	359.57	39.6	9.08	390.15	42.5	9.18
March	333.83	39.6	8.43	373.58	40.3	9.27	383.18	42.2	9.08
April	331.80	39.5	8.40	367.32	40.1	9.16	386.38	42.6	9.07
May	335.56	39.9	8.41	372.80	40.0	9.32	387.66	42.6	9.10
June	338.08	40.2	8.41	373.18	39.7	9.40	404.32	43.9	9.21
July	332.74	39.1	8.51	372.09	39.5	9.42	395.28	43.2	9.15
August	329.18	38.5	8.55	377.85	39.9	9.47	412.67	45.1	9.15
September	344.97	40.3	8.56	386.80	40.0	9.67	413.08	44.9	9.20
October	335.87	39.1	8.59	398.12	40.5	9.83	403.17	44.5	9.06
November	353.33	40.8	8.66	401.76	40.5	9.92	412.58	44.7	9.23
December r	353.79	40.9	8.65	414.17	41.5	9.98	431.57	42.9	10.06
1984									
January p	372.34	43.6	8.54	406.71	41.8	9.73	431.54	42.6	10.13
1983	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT			NONDURABLE GOODS			FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS		
January	$447.54	39.5	$11.33	$351.35	40.2	$8.74	$348.17	42.1	$8.27
February	453.17	39.1	11.59	345.39	39.7	8.70	323.90	41.0	7.90
March	450.04	39.1	11.51	345.79	39.7	8.71	333.11	41.9	7.95
April	440.38	38.8	11.35	352.74	39.5	8.93	331.27	40.3	8.22
May	448.15	38.7	11.58	346.18	39.7	8.72	318.69	43.3	7.36
June	468.87	39.5	11.87	348.47	40.1	8.69	316.52	42.6	7.43
July	460.50	38.6	11.93	365.03	41.2	8.86	321.35	43.9	7.32
August	397.75	34.2	11.63	359.45	40.8	8.81	311.95	41.1	7.59
September	480.40	40.0	12.01	354.71	40.4	8.78	316.23	41.5	7.62
October	500.17	41.2	12.14	372.32	41.6	8.95	326.06	42.4	7.69
November	600.27	44.3	13.55	368.10	40.9	9.00	333.34	40.9	8.15
December r	517.91	41.7	12.42	371.08	40.6	9.14	317.24	41.2	7.70
1984									
January p	489.24	40.4	12.11	364.18	40.6	8.97	330.72	41.6	7.95

See footnotes at end of table.

HOURS AND EARNINGS
IN SELECTED OKLAHOMA INDUSTRIES
1983 - 1984

MANUFACTURING

YEAR AND MONTH	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours	Average Hourly Earnings
	APPAREL & OTHER TEXTILES			PRINTING & PUBLISHING			NEWSPAPERS & PERIODICALS		
1983									
January	$177.94	37.7	$4.72	$358.15	39.4	$9.09	$364.55	38.7	$9.42
February	174.00	37.5	4.64	358.30	39.9	8.98	346.14	37.3	9.28
March	175.68	37.7	4.66	350.27	39.4	8.89	356.90	38.5	9.27
April	179.41	37.3	4.81	345.32	38.8	8.90	359.84	38.2	9.42
May	175.21	37.2	4.71	339.34	38.3	8.86	359.98	38.5	9.35
June	177.38	37.5	4.73	353.73	39.0	9.07	368.83	38.5	9.58
July	173.63	37.1	4.68	356.80	39.6	9.01	369.72	39.0	9.48
August	181.54	37.9	4.79	356.69	39.5	9.03	379.29	39.8	9.53
September	175.03	37.4	4.68	352.43	38.9	9.06	365.74	39.2	9.33
October	175.48	37.9	4.63	378.01	40.3	9.38	419.34	42.4	9.89
November	176.60	37.1	4.76	383.35	41.0	9.35	390.34	40.2	9.71
December r	171.11	36.1	4.74	377.06	40.5	9.31	394.88	40.5	9.75
1984									
January p	179.52	37.4	4.80	385.42	40.4	9.54	407.82	40.1	10.17

NONMANUFACTURING

	PETROLEUM REFINING			CONSTRUCTION			OIL & GAS EXTRACTION		
1983									
January	$515.53	42.5	$12.13	$437.90	37.3	$11.74	$454.40	43.4	$10.47
February	506.21	40.4	12.53	422.18	35.9	11.76	442.39	41.5	10.66
March	511.34	39.7	12.88	432.40	36.8	11.75	440.96	42.4	10.40
April	507.85	39.8	12.76	416.98	35.7	11.68	416.30	40.3	10.33
May	524.12	41.4	12.66	410.55	35.0	11.73	425.99	41.0	10.39
June	507.87	40.5	12.54	441.91	37.9	11.66	430.50	42.0	10.25
July	580.11	44.9	12.92	433.90	37.6	11.54	421.26	41.3	10.20
August	526.24	44.0	11.96	427.90	37.8	11.32	414.50	40.4	10.26
September	549.94	45.6	12.06	427.98	36.8	11.63	423.53	41.0	10.33
October	528.35	44.7	11.82	426.31	37.2	11.46	432.60	41.2	10.50
November	527.24	43.9	12.01	417.28	36.7	11.37	438.24	41.5	10.56
December r	532.44	43.5	12.24	440.82	38.1	11.57	446.02	42.6	10.47
1984									
January p	518.60	44.9	11.55	408.12	35.8	11.40	476.93	43.8	10.89

	PUBLIC UTILITIES			WHOLESALE TRADE			RETAIL TRADE*		
1983									
January	$421.22	39.7	$10.61	$345.02	40.4	$8.54	$226.11	33.9	$6.67
February	418.44	39.7	10.54	339.33	40.3	8.42	218.20	34.2	6.38
March	417.78	39.6	10.55	345.06	40.5	8.52	225.59	34.6	6.52
April	415.26	39.7	10.46	352.44	39.6	8.90	214.25	33.9	6.32
May	426.66	39.8	10.72	350.72	39.9	8.79	216.45	33.3	6.50
June	430.52	40.5	10.63	356.17	40.2	8.86	222.95	34.3	6.50
July	431.98	40.6	10.64	358.99	40.2	8.93	227.20	34.9	6.51
August	461.76	40.9	11.29	357.21	40.5	8.82	223.33	34.2	6.53
September	447.72	41.0	10.92	360.69	40.3	8.95	218.77	33.4	6.55
October	460.32	40.7	11.31	365.09	39.9	9.15	218.12	33.2	6.57
November	468.52	40.6	11.54	366.62	40.2	9.12	217.42	33.5	6.49
December r	455.63	40.5	11.25	370.64	40.2	9.22	228.71	34.6	6.61
1984									
January p	468.24	40.4	11.59	374.66	39.9	9.39	218.76	32.7	6.69

Note: Averages are for production or nonsupervisory workers only and cover both full and part-time employees. Overtime hours and pay are included and changes in the amount of overtime may affect these data. There are approximately 120,900 production workers in manufacturing. These data revised to a 1983 benchmark.

Above industries have been classified according to the **Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, 1972.**

*p-Preliminary; r-Revised. *Excludes eating and drinking establishments.*

Source: Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, Research and Planning.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

1967 = 100

	ALL URBAN CONSUMERS				URBAN WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS			
ANNUAL AVERAGES AND CHANGES 1980 - 1983*								
Year	Index		Percent Change From Previous Year		Index		Percent Change From Previous Year	
1980	246.8		13.5		247.0		13.5	
1981	272.4		10.4		272.3		10.2	
1982	289.1		6.1		288.6		6.0	
1983	298.4		3.2		297.4		3.0	
MONTH AND YEAR-AGO CHANGES								
Year	Jan Index	Dec Index	% Change Month Ago	% Change Year Ago	Jan Index	Dec Index	% Change Month Ago	% Change Year Ago
1984	305.2	303.5	.6	4.1	302.7	301.5	.4	3.6

* Change less than one-tenth of one percent.

COMPARISONS OF UNEMPLOYMENT RATES*

United States and Oklahoma

1981 - 1984

MONTH	1981 RATES				1982 RATES				1983 RATES				1984 RATES				MONTH
	Unadj.		Seas. Adj.		Unadj.		Seas. Adj.		Unadj.		Seas. Adj.		Unadj.		Seas. Adj.		
	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	U.S.	OK	
Jan.	8.2	4.4	7.5	4.1	9.4	4.7	8.6	4.2	11.4	7.9	10.4	7.1	8.8	8.5	8.0	7.7	Jan.
Feb.	8.0	4.0	7.4	3.7	9.6	4.5	8.8	4.3	11.3	8.9	10.4	8.5					Feb.
Mar.	7.7	3.6	7.3	3.6	9.5	4.4	9.0	4.5	10.8	8.8	10.3	9.1					Mar.
Apr.	7.0	3.4	7.2	3.4	9.2	4.6	9.3	4.7	10.0	8.3	10.2	8.5					Apr.
May	7.1	3.3	7.5	3.5	9.1	4.9	9.4	5.1	9.8	8.8	10.1	9.3					May
June	7.7	3.5	7.4	3.2	9.8	5.5	9.5	5.3	10.2	9.2	10.0	8.9					June
July	7.3	3.4	7.2	3.2	9.8	6.0	9.8	5.8	9.4	8.8	9.5	8.5					July
Aug.	7.2	3.1	7.4	3.3	9.6	6.0	9.9	6.2	9.0	8.3	9.5	8.7					Aug.
Sept.	7.3	3.3	7.6	3.6	9.7	6.5	10.2	6.6	8.8	7.5	9.2	7.7					Sept.
Oct.	7.5	3.6	8.0	3.8	9.9	6.8	10.5	7.0	8.4	8.1	8.8	8.3					Oct.
Nov.	7.9	3.8	8.3	4.0	10.4	7.1	10.7	7.1	8.1	8.0	8.4	8.0					Nov.
Dec.	8.3	3.7	8.6	4.0	10.5	6.8	10.8	7.0	8.0	7.6	8.2	7.9					Dec.
ANNUAL AVERAGE	7.5	3.6	—	—	9.5	5.7	—	—	9.5	9.0	—	—					ANNUAL AVERAGE

* *Based on percent of Civilian Labor Force. Seasonally adjusted series for U.S. and Oklahoma are revised. U.S. unemployment rate based on percent of Civilian Labor Force.*

Note: The rates shown for Oklahoma are revised to a 1983 Current Population Survey (CPS) Benchmark, as established by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, Research and Planning.